

Antalya

Antalya, the Turkish Riviera is the most stunning part of Turkey's Mediterranean coast. It is typical of Turkey, a thriving modern city, with a historic heart in the centre of Kaleiçi within the old city walls.

Antalya Falezler



This area has seen something of a renaissance in recent years, with many of the wooden Ottoman mansions being restored and turned into boutique hotels. No cars are allowed in the narrow

streets of the old town so it is a good place to soak up the atmosphere around the charming harbour. The symbol of Antalya is the fluted minaret or Yivli Minare built by the Seljuks in the 13th



Harbor of Antalya



Konyaalti street, Antalya

century. There are plenty of interesting pieces in the Archaeological Museum, from the Palaeolithic Age right through to Ottoman times.

Antalya has a backdrop of stunning mountain scenery, and the city is set high on cliffs, with many of its grandest hotels overlooking the sea on the outskirts of the town. The beach area of Lara, approximately 12 km to the east is home to the best beach in

the area, known for its golden sand, which is rapidly becoming a resort in its own right. To the west, the long pebble beach of Konyaaltı is also popular. Heading up into the mountains, you can make the most of the beautiful scenery by visiting the spectacular Düden or Kurşunlu waterfalls. At Saklıkent, just 50 km away from the city centre, you can even ski, where they usually have snow on the slopes until early April.

The Altın Portakal (Golden

Antalya Marina



Konyaalti Beach Antalya



Sunset Antalya



Antalya



Orange) film festival is held annually in the autumn. Antalya has a large number of 5 star hotels, many of which have meetings facilities, and this, together with the Pyramid Congress Centre which can hold up to 3000 delegates make it a popular venue for conferences.

There are many holiday resorts like Alanya, Belek, Kalkan, Kaş, Kekova, Kemer, Olympos, Patara, Side within the borders of Antalya region.

The most popular Historic Sites of Antalya Region:

Aspendos: Just 50 km east of Antalya, Aspendos was an important centre of trade during Roman times. Today, the most impressive aspect of Aspendos is her stunning theatre, which was built in approx. 162 AD. It seats 15,000 and has been beautifully preserved. Each year it hosts the Aspendos Opera and Ballet Festival which takes place in June

and July and gives you the opportunity to see performances of classics in a magnificent setting. The aqueduct, which supplied water to the city is also still relatively intact and is an impressive sight.

Phaselis: The three harbours of this Lycian port city were once a major commercial centre. In the shelter of Mount Tahtalı, it is a popular stopping off point for yachts, and its clear waters and

sandy beaches are popular with sun-seekers. The remains are mostly Roman and include a theatre, baths, aqueducts, Hadrian's Gate, an agora and an acropolis.

Perge: Just 18 kms from Antalya, Perge was an important city in Pamphylia and was visited by St.Paul during his missionary journeys. Today, the city gate flanked by lofty towers, theatre and baths are of interest.

Antalya



Antalya Manavgat elalesi Resimleri



Demre: Also known as Kale, the ancient city of Myra, is mostly famous for its connection with St. Nicholas, who was bishop here in the 4th century. His church is the focus of the annual ceremony which takes place to commemorate him on or around his feast day of 6th December. It is well worth seeing the Roman theatre which remains here, overlooked by spectacular rock tombs, dating from the 4th century BC.

Antalya Manavgat WATERFALL Manavgat Waterfall, Manavgat district of Antalya, a famous waterfall on the Manavgat River.

Antalya is 75 km away. 3 km north of Manavgat and the name of the waterfall area of the town, river, water falls from the cliffs with a 34-m occur. Despite a fall from a height of less than over a large area with a high flow rate and flow. In addition to the Manavgat River,

which feeds most of the resources of karst resources. Misty, Oymapinar dam remained in the lake after the dam.

Noise away from the city for those who want to stay with mother nature in the vicinity of waterfalls and picnic areas are great. Also nearby restaurants offer the opportunity to eat fresh fish. Transport, with buses departing from Manavgat, is provided.

Antalya beach

And lying coastal tourism

Of tourism activities on a coastal strip near water sports, scuba diving events as well as many of the activities is all.

They constitute coast

Lara Beach

Situated 12 km from Antalya. to the east. Sand is very thin and



Antalya waterfall



Düden Waterfall

covered with pine forests. Public beaches, casinos and food and beverages to meet the needs are changing cabins.

Removed watermelon Beach

Duden Waterfall to the west of Lara Beach is where it empties into the sea. Was used as a military recreation camp very fine sandy

beach, shallow sea are.

Beach Islands

Karaalioglu Park is at a rocky beach. Casino food and beverage needs are met and there are changing cabins.

Marinas

Antalya Yacht Harbour

At the heart of Antalya city is a haven for tourism. This marina has a capacity of about 65 yachts, electricity and post office services as well as accommodation, bilge discharge, fuel, food and beverage services are provided

Antalya living

Public transportation within the city of Antalya Metropolitan Municipality's authority and responsibility. Private Public bus transportation through the city

center is provided with the surrounding neighborhoods. Antalya Minibüsçü midibuses in the Antalya Chamber responsibilities extend to the surrounding villages who holds a transportation network.

Since 1999, the Museum of Antalya in the line-Zerdali classic streetcar line, the light rail system since the end of 2009 (Antray) bulunmaktadır.
Flier



Hadrian's Gate in Antalya



Yivli Minare
Mosque in
Antalya

Antalya in Antalya in the Mediterranean Region is the only city without a rail line. Durumua main factors that link with the inner part of Antalya, the difficulty is due to geographical reasons. In Antalya, the Taurus mountains behind the railway and highway as well as work restrictions, but will increase the cost required for the

half. Despite this situation, but the railway line to connect to the City of TCDD is one of the topics for the agenda. Because the City will host the Expo 2016 in much of this period to resolve any transportation problems and increasing transportation options that will benefit the city and is a condition for participation in fairs